

GCSE MATHEMATICS 8300/1F

Foundation Tier Paper 1 Non-Calculator

Mark scheme

November 2019

Version: 1.0 Final



Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

М	Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
A	Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
В	Marks awarded independent of method.
ft	Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.
sc	Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
M dep	A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
B dep	A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe	Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
	eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b]	Accept values between a and b inclusive.
[a, b)	Accept values a ≤ value < b
3.14	Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416
Use of brackets	It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles

Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

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Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
	<u> </u>		
1	9 10	B1	
2	<i>x</i> = 2	B1	
3	$0.3 > \frac{1}{4}$	B1	
4	7	B1	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1 – traditional i	method			
	304 or 1520 with the 0 correct for the multiplication by 20 or 144 or 1680 with the 0 correct for the multiplication by 70	M1	values may be seen separately or in rows if 1520 or 1680 incorrect, placeholder 0, or equivalent must be present		
	their 304 + their 1520 or their 144 + their 1680	M1dep			
	1824	A1			
	Alternative method 2 – grid method	d			
	At least three of 1400, 280, 120 and 24	M1	may not be in a grid		
	their 1400 + their 280 + their 120 + their 24	M1dep			
	1824	A1			
5	Alternative method 3 – Napier's bones				
	7 6 1 1 2 2 2 2 4 4	M1	at least three of the calculated values correct		
	Attempt to total correctly four diagonals for their table with carrying figure seen	M1dep			
	1824	A1			
	Alternative method 4 and Addition	al Guidar	nce are on the next page		

	Alternative method 4 – breaking calculation down				
	Calculation broken down correctly with a maximum of one calculation error	M1	eg 76 × 10 × 2 (+) 70 × with at least two of 1520 correct	. ,	
	Addition of their parts	M1dep	eg 1520 + 280 + 24		
	1824	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	70 × 20 + 6 × 4 (= 1424)			M0M0A0	
	Alt 1 304 + 152 = 456			M0M0A0	
Foont	Alt 1 If the 0 is missing, allow 0 to be replaced by x or a placeholder space (may be implied by their 4 in units column of their final answer)				
5 cont	Alt 3 Diagonal lines must slope consistently for M1 unless recovered				
	Alt 3 Diagonal lines missing is M0 unless recovered				
	Alt 3 For M1M1dep, a carrying figure must be seen or implied				
	Alt 3 Answer must be clearly stated and not left "around" the grid				

			_		
Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
6(a)	8	B1			
6(b)	16	B1			
	Physics and French	B1	either order mark intention eg accep	ot P and F	
6(c)	Ad	ditional G	Guidance		
	Condone incorrect spelling				
6(d)	Apply a generous interpretation to the The shading for the boys needs to be girls (the part of the bar for the girls of Accept label(s) of 'boys' and/or 'girls'	darker than be left	t to shade nan the shading for the unshaded) f shading	correct	
	Ignore any numbers on bars, eg labe	ned 9 and	19		
	0.31	B1	oe eg .31		
7(a)	Additional Guidance				
	Final answer 31 (even if 0.31 seen in working)			В0	
7(b)	0.08	B1	oe eg .08		

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
	8.6 and 0.4	B1	either order		
	9(.0)	B1ft	ft their two numbers SC1 answer 9(.0), cards	s blank	
	Ado	ditional G	uidance		
	Do not allow misreads of the card value	ues in this	question		
	8.6 and 0.27 Answer 8.87			B0B1ft	
	8.6 and 6.3 Answer 14.9	B0B1ft			
8(a)	0.27 and 6.3 Answer 6.57	B0B1ft			
	0.27 and 0.4 Answer 0.67		B0B1ft		
	6.3 and 0.4 Answer 6.7			B0B1ft	
	8.6 + 0.27 = 8.87 Answer 9			B0B1ft	
	(ignore rounding if correct decimal seen)				
	Cards take precedence, but if cards or other working and award the lowest m unambiguously identified				
	8.6 and 0.27 in this order only	B1			
	8.33	B1ft	correct or ft their two nu	mbers	
	Additional Guidance				
	Do not allow misreads of the cards in	this quest	ion		
8(b)	Examples of follow through (there are		B0B1ft		
	0.27 and 8.6 Answer -8.33				
	6.3 and 0.4 Answer 5.9				
	Cards take precedence, but if cards or answer line are blank, mark all other working and award the lowest mark unless their choice is unambiguously identified				

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
	Correct indication of mistake	B1	eg (6.10) should be 7(.0 or $2 \times 3.5(0)$ (= 7.(00)) or cost of pens is wrong	,	
	11.25	B1			
	Additional Guidance				
9	Accept any correct indication of mistake eg two lots of 50p don't equal 10p				
-	Condone (£) 11.25 p for second B1 Any reference to cost of rulers (words or calculations) being incorrect cannot score first B1 Response only references the decimal points not being lined up correctly				

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
	(A =) 2000000 and (B =) 500000 and (C =) 400000 and smallest answer C B largest answer A	В3	allow values or calculation letters on answer lines B2 two of (A =) 2000 00 (B =) 500 000, (C =) B1 (A =) 2000 000 or (C =) 400 000	00,) 400 000	
<u>-</u>	Add	ditional G	uidance		
_	Answer line takes precedence over w	orking			
	Any of the original value(s) misread o calculations	ed is max B2 for			
	Once a correct evaluation has been seen, ignore further attempts to manipulate it for up to B2				
	eg 400,000 = 0.004 million, 0.5 million, 2 million, answer = CBA			B2	
10	Accept values in words eg accept half a million for 500 000				
-	Ordering of their values is irrelevant when awarding B2 or B1				
-	Ignore (incorrect) spacings or any use of commas within numbers or continental notation				
	eg 4 00000			В3	
	50 0000				
	2,00000,0 eg 40.0000				
	500.000			В3	
	2.000.000				
- - -	С				
	В			В0	
	Α				
	no correct calculations seen				

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	0	B1	oe fraction, decimal or percentage	
	Ado	ditional G	· · · · ·	
	zero or nought		B1	
	0%		B1	
	$\frac{0}{n}$; <i>n</i> is an integer > 0, eg $\frac{0}{200}$		B1	
	With B1 scored, ignore probability wo	rds unles	contradictory	
	eg 0, impossible	B1		
	eg 0, unlikely	B0		
11(a)	Zero chance	В0		
i i(a)	Nothing or nil	В0		
	0 out of 200	В0		
	0 in 200	В0		
	No		В0	
	No chance		В0	
	Impossible	В0		
	Not possible	В0		
	Any of the B0 responses above, with	ver B1		
	0 : 200 or 0 to 200 (even with B1 response, still scores B0) B0			

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
	$200 - 79 - 90 \text{ or } 31$ or $\frac{79}{200} + \frac{90}{200}$ or $1 - \left(\frac{79}{200} + \frac{90}{200}\right)$ or $\frac{(200 - 79 - 90)}{200}$ or $\frac{169}{200}$	M1	oe eg 200 – (79 + 90) eg 0.395 + 0.45 or 0.84		
	$\frac{31}{200}$ or 0.155 or 15.5%	A1	accept 0.16 or 16% if no	errors seen	
11(b)	Additional Guidance				
11(6)	Ignore incorrect cancelling or incorrect conversion to a decimal or a percentage or incorrect rounding after correct answer seen			M1A1	
	eg $\frac{31}{200}$ seen, then answer $\frac{3}{20}$				
_	eg 15.5% seen, then answer 15%			M1A1	
_	Answer 0.16 or 16% with M1 work no			M1A1	
-	31 : 200 or 31 : 169 or 31 out of 20	0 or 31 i	n 200	M1A0	
	Ignore probability words unless contradictory				
	eg $\frac{31}{200}$ unlikely			M1A1	
	eg $\frac{31}{200}$ likely			M1A0	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1			
	x + x + 19 = 105 or $\frac{105 - 19}{2}$ or $\frac{86}{2}$ or 43	M1	oe equation any letter may be implied by second mark	
	$\frac{105-19}{2}$ + 19 or 62	M1dep	oe 62 seen is M2 (unless clearly from incorrect working)	
	$\frac{62}{105}$ or 0.59(0) or 59.(0)%	A1	oe SC2 $\frac{43}{105}$ or 0.41 or 41% or better	
	Alternative method 2			
	y + y - 19 = 105	M1	oe equation any letter may be implied by second mark	
12	$\frac{105+19}{2}$ or $\frac{124}{2}$ or 62	M1dep	62 seen is M2 (unless clearly from incorrect working)	
	62 105 or 0.59(0) or 59.(0)%	A1	oe SC2 $\frac{43}{105}$ or 0.41 or 41% or better	
	Alternative method 3			
	$\frac{105}{2}$ and $\frac{19}{2}$ or 52.5 and 9.5	M1		
	their 52.5 + their 9.5 or 105 – (their 52.5 – their 9.5) or 62	M1dep	62 seen is M2 (unless clearly from incorrect working)	
	62/105 or 0.59(0) or 59.(0)%	A1	oe SC2 $\frac{43}{105}$ or 0.41 or 41% or better	
	Additional Guidance is on the next	page		

	Additional Guidance				
	Trial and Improvement leading to 62 (may go on to score full marks) at least				
Q12 cont	Trial and Improvement not leading to 62 or the correct answer	M0M0A0			
	$\frac{19}{105}$ or $\frac{86}{105}$	момоло			
	62:105 or 62:43 or 62% or 62 out of 105	M1M1A0			

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments		
13	(262 rounded to) 260 or (19.8 rounded to) 20 or 26 ÷ 2	M1 A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	13 embedded eg 260 ÷ 13 = 20		M1A0		
	Beware, 13 may not get full ma	1, answer 13 M1A0			
	300 ÷ 20	M1A0			

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
	10 + 2 + 10 + 2 or 24 or 10 + 6 + 10 + 6 or 32	M1	oe may be seen in a ratio		
	10 + 2 + 10 + 2 or 24 and 10 + 6 + 10 + 6 or 32	A1	oe may be seen in a ratio		
	3:4	B1ft	ft correct and full simplification of unsimplified ratio except answer with M1A1 scored SC2 6:7 SC1 12:14		
	Additional Guidance				
	Ignore any units given				
	Answer 3 : 4 with no incorrect working			M1A1B1	
14	1: 1.3			M1A1B0	
	Working with half perimeter consistently 12: 16 = 3: 4 answer 12: 16 or 6: 8			M1A1B1 M1A1B0	
	24 and 32 then 32 : 24 = 4 : 3 cannot full marks for an incorrect final answer	M1A1B0			
 	32 : 24	M1A1B0			
 	24 : 42 = 4 : 7		M1A0B1ft		
	10 : 6 = 5 : 3	M0A0B1ft			
	20 : 12 = 10 : 6 (not fully simplified)			M0A0B0ft	
	20 : 60 = 1 : 3			M0A0B1ft	
	14 : 22 = 6 : 10 = 3 : 5 (6 : 10 is an error, then simplifying this to 3 : 5 is not B1ft) M0A0B0ft				

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
	Alternative method 1				
	5:1 or 1:5		may be implied by secor	nd mark	
	or $\frac{5}{6}$ or $\frac{1}{6}$	M1	may be seen on diagram	1	
	or 6 (parts)				
	180 ÷ 6 or 30	M1dep			
	150	A1			
	Alternative method 2				
15	5x + x = 180	M1	any letter		
	or $6x = 180$		may be implied by secor	nd mark	
	180 ÷ 6 or 30	M1dep			
	150	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	If Trial and Improvement used, 30 see the answer for M2A1	en is M2 bu	ut 150 must be chosen as		
	360 ÷ 6			M1M0A0	
16	125	B1			

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Any two of (-1, -4), (0, -1), (1, 2), (2, 5) and (3, 8) or other correct points	M1	may be seen in a table may be implied by points plotted	
	At least two correct points plotted correctly or at least two of their points plotted correctly	M1	implied by correct line which does not have to extend from $(-1, -4)$ to $(3, 8)$ $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square	
17	Straight, ruled line from (-1, -4) to (3, 8)	A1	$\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square ignore line beyond (-1, -4) and (3, 8)	
	Ad	ditional G	Guidance	
	Ignore extra points listed or plotted			
	M marks can be scored even if wrong line drawn			
	M marks are independent, the second mark can be awarded for correct plotting of two of their points			

	<u>3</u> 5		B1	$\frac{18}{30}$ or $\frac{9}{15}$ or	6
		B2		or 0.6(0) or 60%	6
18(a)			SC1	<u>2</u> 5	
	Ade	ditional G	uidanc	e	
	$\frac{18}{30}$ or $\frac{9}{15}$ or $\frac{6}{10}$ followed by incorre	ct simplifi	cation o	r any conversion	B1

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
	$\frac{64}{100} \times (30 + 20)$	M1	oe eg 0.64 × 50 or 64 - build up method must be		
	32	A1			
	14 (out of 20)	0 scored than 18 .8 is seen)			
	Ad	ditional G	uidance		
	14/20 or 70%			M1A1A0	
	14 = 70% on answer line			M1A1A1	
	Answer 32 or $\frac{32}{50}$				
-	64% × 50 with no further work			MO	
18(b)	$\frac{64}{100} \times 50 = 30$ Answer 12			M1A0A1ft	
	Example of complete build-up (for 64 10% = 5 (no working but correct) 6 × 5 = 30 (correct with working) 1% = 0.5 (no working but correct) 4 × 0.5 = 0.20 (incorrect but working = 30.20 (implied correct addition) then 30.20 – 18 = 12.20 Answer 12.20 (condone decimal value) Example of incomplete build-up (for 50% = 25 (no working but correct) 10% = 5 (no working but correct) 2% = 2 (incorrect and no working shown (A0ft cannot award ft when Normal shown (A0ft cannot award ft when Norm	M1A0A1ft M0A0A0			

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts
	Valid reason	B1	eg there might be 20 sh or the number of sheep cou multiple of 10 or the ratio may have been or the numbers in the ratio be the actual numbers	uld be any simplified
-	Ado			
	Ignore irrelevant statements but do not ignore contradictory statements			
	It doesn't mean 10 sheep it's just thei	B1		
19(a)	The total number of animals is unkno	B1		
	Could be 50 sheep	B1		
	Could be 20 : 6	B1		
	There are 10 sheep for every 3 cows number (of sheep/cows or total)	B1		
	Could be 50 sheep and 18 cows (err	В0		
	Could be 50 : 15 = 10 : 3 = 2 : 1 (e	В0		
	It's only a ratio	В0		
	There are 10 sheep for every 3 cows	В0		
	There could be more than 10 sheep a	and more t	than 3 cows	В0
	There might be more than 10 sheep /	В0		

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts
	Yes and valid working	B1	eg Yes and $(4 \times 3 =) 12$ or Yes and 4×3 is less that or Yes and $(13 \div 4 =) 3.25$ or Yes and $13 \div 4$ is more to or Yes and $(13 \div 3 =) 4.3$ or Yes and $13 \div 3$ is more to	oe oe than 3 oe
19(b)	Ad	ditional G	uidance	
	'No' or 'Cannot tell' ticked			В0
	Ignore irrelevant statements but do n	ot ignore o	contradictory statements	
	Allow correct reference to remainders	s or shortfa	alls in working	
	eg Yes and $13 \div 4 = 3$ with one (goat	t) left over		B1
	eg Yes and 13 ÷ 4 = 3 r1			B1
	eg Yes and 13 ÷ 4 = 3.1			В0
	Any evaluation must be fully correct of shortfall	or referenc	e a remainder or	_
	eg Yes and 13 ÷ 4 = 3.2			В0
	Any comparative statement must be	true		
	eg Yes and 13 ÷ 4 is less than 3			В0

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
20	The number rolled is even The number rolled is greater than 1 The number rolled is less than 5 The number rolled is prime	B1		
	$\pm 6x$ or ± 3 or $8x - 2x = 10 - 7$ or $7 - 10 = 2x - 8x$	M1	oe terms in x or constant terms col	lected
-	6x = 3 or $-6x = -3$	A1	oe implied by correct answer	
21	0.5 or $\frac{1}{2}$	A1ft	oe eg $\frac{3}{6}$ ft any equation of form 6x = a or $-6x = aor bx = 3 or bx = -3$	
	Additional Guidance			
	$\frac{-3}{-6}$		M	1A1A0
	Trial and Improvement scores 0 or 3			

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	ents
	90 ÷ 5 or 18	M1		
	2 × their 18 or 36	M1dep	M2 $\frac{2}{5} \times 90$	
<u> </u>	180 – 90 – their 36	M1dep	oe eg 90 – their 36	
<u> </u>	90		any order	
	36	A1		
	54			
	Ac	dditional G	Guidance	
22	Beware of incorrect methods, eg div	viding 180 b	oy 5	
	180 ÷ 5 = 36 180 ÷ 2 = 90			MOMOMOAO
	180 - 2 - 90 180 - 90 - 36 = 54			MUMUMUAU
	Answer 90, 36, 54			
-	Beware of 18 coming from wrong working			
	90 ÷ 2 = 45			
	90 ÷ 5 = 18			M0M0M0A0
	90 ÷ 7 =			
	However, it is not incorrect to work w	10		
	Trial and Improvement scores 0 or 4	1	_	
23	number of pets	B1		

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Says that the wrong line has been given		eg the line should be $y = -1$
	or says that for the given reflection the image would be in the second quadrant (may be implied by sketch)		eg the triangle would move to the other side of the y -axis
24(a)	or says that the given line is vertical	B1	eg $x = -1$ is vertical
2 1 (a)	gives the coordinates of at least one image point under the given reflection	eg (1, 1) would move to (-3, 1) (1, 3) would move to (-3, 3) (4, 1) would move to (-6, 1)	
	says that after the given reflection, a rotation 180° (centre (-1, -1)) or an enlargement, scale factor -1 (centre (-1, -1)) is needed		
	Additional Guidance for this question	on is on t	he next page

	Additional Guidance				
	It is the wrong line/axis (of reflection)	B1			
	It's not $x = -1$	B1			
	The line should be horizontal	B1			
	y = -1	B1			
	x = -1 line drawn with explanation that it is incorrect	B1			
	Q should be to the left of P	B1			
	Correct line drawn, with indication that it should be that line	B1			
	Correct statement with irrelevant statement eg It's the wrong line and Q is in the wrong place	B1			
	Correct line drawn, but no explanation or equation given	В0			
24(a) cont	x = -1 line drawn with no explanation that it is incorrect	В0			
	It should be reflected in the <i>y</i> -axis	В0			
	It is not a reflection in $x = -1$	В0			
	Should be rotation about $y = -1$	В0			
	They are not an equal distance from each other	В0			
	It should be the point $x = -1$	В0			
	Q is in the wrong place	В0			
	It is a reflection in the <i>x</i> -axis then a translation by $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$	В0			
	Correct statement with incorrect statement eg It's the wrong line, it should be $x = -2$	В0			
	If more than one image point is given, they must all be correct				

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	ents	
	Should say the centre of rotation (is O)	B1	oe statement accept 'axis of rotation'	or 'point'	
-	Additional Guidance				
	Allow origin or (0, 0) for O				
-	Should be about <i>O</i>			B1	
-	There is no centre	B1			
	It should be around a point			B1	
	It doesn't give the coordinates	B1			
24(b)	Should/could be 270° clockwise about <i>O</i>			B1	
	Should/could be 270° clockwise	В0			
	Should be rotation through 90° clock	В0			
	It is a reflection 90° anticlockwise with centre ${\cal O}$			В0	
-	It's not reflected on a point			В0	
	Doesn't say which line you're turning	В0			
	Correct statement with incorrect statement eg It should give a centre of rotation at (0, 1)			В0	
	64	B1	accept 4 ³		
07 ()	Additional Guidance				
25(a)	4 ³ and incorrect value given				
	eg $4^3 = 32$			В0	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
25(b)	-5 -13	B2	condone -13 -5 B1 -5 as first term or ft their first term - 8		
	60×4 or $4(a \times 60)$ or $4a \times 60$ or $\frac{b}{a} = 60$ or $\frac{4b}{b/60}$ or $4b = 240a$ or $\frac{240a}{a}$	M1	accept any multiplication	signs	
	240	A1	Condone $\frac{240}{1}$		
	Additional Guidance				
26	Correct answer found by substituting appropriate values for a and b			M1A1	
	Incorrect answer found by substituting appropriate values for a and b			M0A0	
	Award M1 for 60 × 4 or 240 in workin or as part of longer expressions	g, either a	as individual expressions		
	eg $4 \times 60 = 240$, answer $240b$			M1A0	
	$eg \frac{4 \times 60 \times a}{4b}$			M1A0	
	Do not award M1 for 240 within a list beyond 240	of multiple	es of 60 that continues		

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
	(27 =) 3 ³	M1			
	$((3^2)^7 =) 3^{2 \times 7}$ or $((3^2)^7 =) 3^{14}$	M1			
	3 ¹⁷	A1ft	ft 3^a and 3^b then answer with M1M0 or M0M1 scc		
27	Additional Guidance				
	Answer 3 ¹⁷ with no incorrect working			M1M1A1	
-	3 ¹⁷ in working with 17 on the answer line or both 3 ¹⁷ and 17 on the answer line			M1M1A1	
	$3^3 \times 3^9 = 3^{12}$			M1M0A1ft	
	Evaluation of powers of 3 as values only			M0M0A0	
	Answer 17 with no valid working			M0M0A0	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1: working in terms of π				
	π (×) 42 (×) 10 or 160π or [502, 503]	M1	oe accept 3 or better for π accept 480 or 496		
	$\frac{2}{3}$ (×) π (×) 6^3 or 144π or $[452, 453]$	M1	oe accept 3 or better for π accept 0.66 or 0.67 or better for $\frac{2}{3}$ accept 432 or 446(.4)		
	160π and 144π or [502, 503] and [452, 453]	A1	oe values accept 480 and 432 or 496 and 446(.4)		
28	160π and 144π and cylinder or [502, 503] and [452, 453] and cylinder or cylinder is 16π greater	A1ft	ft correct decision for their 160π and their 144π with M1M1 scored accept 480 and 432 and cylinder or 496 and 446(.4) and cylinder		
	Alternative method 2: working without π				
	4 ² (×) 10 or 160	M1	oe		
	$\frac{2}{3}$ (x) 6^3 or 144	M1	oe accept 0.66 or 0.67 or better for $\frac{2}{3}$		
	160 and 144	A1	oe values		
	160 and 144 and cylinder	A1ft	ft correct decision for their 160 and their 144 with M1M1 scored		
	Additional Guidance for this question	ne next page			

	Additional Guidance	
	Better than 3 for π could be 3.1, 3.14, 3.142 or $\frac{22}{7}$	
	160π with incorrect method for hemisphere	M1M0A0A0
	144π with incorrect method for cylinder	M0M1A0A0
	160 π and 144 π with incorrect decision or no decision	M1M1A1A0
	160 and 144 with incorrect or no decision	M1M1A1A0
28	Accept values given as fractions for the first A mark, but for the second A mark, they must have a common denominator.	
	eg 160 π and $\frac{432\pi}{3}$ and cylinder	M1M1A1A0
	eg $\frac{480}{3}$ and $\frac{432}{3}$ and cylinder	M1M1A1A1
	Working with π for one value but not the other can only score M1	
	eg 160π and 144 (with or without a decision)	M1 only
	Do not allow M1 for a correct formula as part of an incorrect formula	
	eg $\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 4^2 \times 10$	МО

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1: total amount of each colour (judgement accepted that ratio is not 4 : 3)			
-	60 ÷ (2 + 1) or 20 or 40	M1		
-	80 + their 20 or 100	M1dep		
	28 + 2 × their 20 or 68	M1dep	dep on first M1 only	
	100 and 68 and No	A1		
			nuch white should have been added or you or how much there should be now	
-	60 ÷ (2 + 1) or 20 or 40	M1		
	80 + their 20 or 100	M1dep		
-	their 100 ÷ 4 × 3 or 75	M1dep	dep on M2	
	(75 – 2 × 20 =) 35 and No		comparing 35 to 28	
	or 40 and (75 29 =) 47 and No.	A1		
29	40 and (75 – 28 =) 47 and No or	AI		
	75 and 68 and No			
	Alternative method 3: total of white and how much red should have been added or how much there should have been originally or how much there should be now			
-	60 ÷ (2 + 1) or 20 or 40	M1		
	28 + 2 × their 20 or 68	M1dep		
	their $68 \div 3 \times 4$ or $90\frac{2}{3}$ or $\frac{272}{3}$	M1dep	dep on M2	
	$(90\frac{2}{3} - 20 =) 70\frac{2}{3}$ and No		comparing $70\frac{2}{3}$ to 80	
	or	A1		
	20 and $(90\frac{2}{3} - 80 =) 10\frac{2}{3}$ and No			
	or $90\frac{2}{3}$ and 100 and No			
	The scheme for question 29 contin	nues on th	ne next page	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
	Alternative method 4: total of red and what it should be for total amount of paint				
_	60 ÷ (2 + 1) or 20 or 40	M1			
	80 + their 20 or 100	M1dep			
-	$(60 + 80 + 28) \div (4 + 3) \times 4$ or 96	M1			
	100 and 96 and No	A1			
-	Alternative method 5: total of white	and wha	at it should be for total ar	mount of paint	
	60 ÷ (2 + 1) or 20 or 40	M1			
	28 + 2 × their 20 or 68	M1dep			
29	$(60 + 80 + 28) \div (4 + 3) \times 3$ or 72	M1			
cont	68 and 72 and No	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	20 from 80 ÷ 4 is incorrect				
	With no incorrect working, 'He should implies full marks	M1M1M1A1			
	'No' can be implied, eg on alt 1 accep more white'	M1M1M1A1			
	Condone dubious notation eg 20 : 4	M1M1M1A1			
	Ignore further work if 100 and 68 and	M1M1M1A1			
	Only works out the amounts of red and white there should be for the total amount of paint, eg, $168 \div 7 \times 4 = 96$ and $168 \div 7 \times 3 = 72$			M0M0M1A0	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
	10 ⁵ or 25 000	M1	oe correct value not in stee eg 25×10^3	andard form	
30(a)	2.5 × 10 ⁴	A1			
	Add	ditional G	uidance		
	Condone 2.5 · 10 ⁴			M1A1	
	Condone different spacing or commas eg 25000 or 250,00			M1A0	
	c = 3 and $d = -2$	B2	B1 $c = 3$ or $d = -2$ or		
30(b)	$c = 10^3$ and/or $d = 10^{-2}$ Additional Guidance				
	One or both of the values may be embedded for B1 only				
	V is directly proportional to H				
31	\checkmark V is inversely proportional to H	B1			
	V is directly proportional to $\frac{1}{H}$				
	V is inversely proportional to $\frac{1}{H}$				