GCSE MATHEMATICS 8300/2F

Foundation Tier Paper 2 Calculator

Mark scheme

June 2022

Version: 1.0 Final



Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

Μ	Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
A	Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
В	Marks awarded independent of method.
ft	Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.
SC	Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
M dep	A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
B dep	A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe	Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
	eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b]	Accept values between a and b inclusive.
[a, b)	Accept values a ≼ value < b
3.14	Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416
Use of brackets	It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles.

Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1	1.5	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
2	7 <i>b</i>	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
3	120	B1	

	Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
ſ	4	circumference	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	<u>13</u> 9	B1	oe improper fraction	
5(a)) Additional Guidance			
	$\frac{13}{9}$ in working with a decimal on ansy	wer line		B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	0.4375	B1	accept .4375	
	Additional Guidance			
5(b)	7 ÷ 16 with incorrect or no decimal			B0
	0.4375 in working with 0.437 or 0.438 or 0.43 or 0.44 or 0.4 on answer line			В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	2.8	B1		
5(c)	Ad	ditional G	Buidance	
	2.80			B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
6	Cost of 5 litres of cleaning fluid $2 \times 18 + 10$ or $36 + 10$ or 46 or $18 + 3 \times 10$ or $18 + 30$ or 48 or 5×10 or 50 Cost of machine plus 5 litres of cleaning fluid $25 + 2 \times 18 + 10$ or $25 + 18 + 3 \times 10$ or 73 or $25 + 5 \times 10$ or 75	M1 M1dep	oe cost of 2×2 litres $+ 1 \times 1$ litre or cost of 1×2 litres $+ 3 \times 1$ litre or cost of 5×1 litre oe	
	71(.00p)	A1	SC1 70(.00p)	
	Additional Guidance			
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work with no, or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts			
	Special case is for the correct total from using 2.5 bottles at £18			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Angle [88°, 92°] at <i>B</i>	M1	length \ge 1 cm for vertical may be implied by a point matrix	arked
	Line parallel to <i>AB</i>	M1	mark intention length \ge 1 cm may be implied by two points marked	
7	Quadrilateral <i>ABCD</i> with angle <i>ABC</i> = $[88^{\circ}, 92^{\circ}]$ and <i>CD</i> parallel to <i>BA</i> and <i>BC</i> = $[3.8, 4.2]$ cm and <i>DC</i> = $[5.8, 6.2]$ cm	A1	sides must be joined and look straight ignore extra lines and lines extended SC2 reflection of correct shape with right angle at <i>A</i> (ignore labels)	
	Additional Guidance			
	Lengths of lines (as long as \ge 1 cm) irrelevant for up to M2			
	Condone absence of labels C and D			
	Correct quadrilateral with C and D labels swapped			M2A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	7 (kg) 200 (g) + 650 or 7200 + 650 or 7.2(00) + 0.65(0) or 7850 seen or 7.85(0) seen or 850 seen or 0.85(0) seen	M1			
8	7 kilograms 850 grams	A1	SC2 7.85(0) kilograms 7850 grams		
	Additional Guidance				
	850 may be seen embedded eg Answer 29.75 kilograms 850 grams			M1A0	
	7 kg 850 g seen in working but different answer			M1A0	
	7.2 + 650 with no other creditworthy	work		M0A0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	(8-5) × 4 or 3 × 4 or 12	M1	oe may be implied	
	18 – their 12 or 6	M1	oe 8 \leq their 12 \leq 16 may be implied by their correct ft ans	
	7 (pm)	allow 7.00 (pm) or 19.00 (p ft 1 (pm) + their 6 with M0M		
0(a)	Additional Guidance			
9(a)	Allow dot, colon, comma, space or no	o space in	time notation	
	18 - 12 = 6, Answer 6 (pm)			M1M1A0
	$4 \times 4 = 16$, $18 - 16 = 2$, Answer 3 (p	om)		M0M1A1ft
	$3 \times 5 = 15, \ 18 - 15 = 3, \ Answer 4 (pm)$			
	$(5 - 8) \times 4 = 12$ (reverse subtraction up to M1M1A1ft)			
	$(5-8) \times 4 = 8$ (reverse subtraction r up to M0M1A1ft)			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Valid explanation or correct calculation	B1	eg she hasn't multiplied 2 by 3 or $3 \times 2 = 6$ or answer is 18	
	Ad	ditional C	Guidance	
	A correct calculation may be seen by	Sofia's w	ork	
	It should be 3 × 6			B1
	It should be 18			B1
	3 × 6 = 18			B1
	3 should be 6	B1		
	Needs to multiply everything in the brackets (by 3)			
9(b)	She should have done the brackets first			B1
	She should have added 4 and 2 first			B1
	She did 3×4 but not 3×2			B1
	She didn't use BIDMAS and work our	t the brac	kets first	B1
	Accept highlighting the second 3 as t calculation seen) eg It shouldn't be +	-	with no subsequent incorrect	B1
	A correct calculation or answer 18 wi	th any or	no explanation	B1
	A correct explanation alongside an in	correct ca	alculation	B0
	She didn't use BODMAS / BIDMAS			B0
	She didn't expand / multiply out the brackets correctly			B0
	3 should be 2			В0
	It should be 14			B0
	The brackets are in the wrong place			B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	(8, 1)	B1	accept $\begin{pmatrix} x & y \\ (8, 1) \end{pmatrix}$	
10(a)	Additional Guidance			
	(8 <i>x</i> , 1 <i>y</i>)			B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	(7, 6)	B1	accept $\begin{pmatrix} x & y \\ 7, 6 \end{pmatrix}$	
10(b)	Additional Guidance			
	(7 <i>x</i> , 6 <i>y</i>)			В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	(2, 1)	B1	accept $\begin{pmatrix} x & y \\ 2, 1 \end{pmatrix}$	
	Ade	ditional G	Guidance	
	(2x, 1y)			
10(c)	D(c) If two or more parts have (x, y) as (y, x) then give the first 0 and condone the other(s) eg1 (a) (1, 8) (b) (6, 7) (c) (1, 2) B0 E			
	eg2 (a) (1, 8) (b) (7, 6) (c) (1, 2)			
	eg3 (a) (1, 8) (b) (6, 10) (c) (1, 2)			B0 B0 B1
	eg4 (a) (8, 1) (b) (6, 7) (c) (1, 2)			B1 B0 B1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	y = 6 or 6 = y	B1	accept $y = 0x + 6$	
	Additional Guidance			
10(d)	y = x + 6			В0
	<i>x</i> = 6			B0
	6			B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Alternative method 1		
	$\frac{5}{7} \times 168$ or 120	M1	oe eg 168 ÷ 7 × 5 implied by 48 allow 0.71(4) or 71(.4)% for $\frac{5}{7}$
11(a)	$\frac{1}{3} \times (168 - \text{their 120})$ or $\frac{1}{3} \times 48 \text{ or } 16$ or $\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right) \times (168 - \text{their 120})$ or $\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right) \times 48$	M1	0e must subtract their 120 from 168 with 10 < their 120 < 150 allow 0.33(3) or 33(.3)% for $\frac{1}{3}$ allow 0.66(6) or 0.67 or 66(.6)% or 67% for $\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right)$ 16 is M1M1
	32(.00p)	A1	SC2 80 SC1 40
	Alternative method 2		
	$\left(1 - \frac{5}{7}\right) \times 168$ or 48	M1	oe eg 168 ÷ 7 × 2 allow 0.28(6) or 0.29 or 28(.6)% or 29% for $\left(1 - \frac{5}{7}\right)$
	$\frac{1}{3}$ × their 48 or 16 or $\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right)$ × their 48	M1	0e 18 < their 48 < 100 allow 0.33(3) or 33(.3)% for $\frac{1}{3}$ allow 0.66(6) or 0.67 or 66(.6)% or 67% for $\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right)$ 16 is M1M1
	32(.00p)	A1	SC2 80 SC1 40

	Additional Guidance			
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work with no, or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts			
	$\frac{5}{7} \times 168 = 120, 120 \div 3 = 40$, Answer 40	M1M0A0 (or SC1)		
	$\frac{5}{7} \times 168 = 120, 120 \div 3 = 40$, Answer 80	SC2		
	Alt 1 Allow 0.71(4) or 71(.4)% for $\frac{5}{7}$ and 0.33(3) or 33(.3)% for $\frac{1}{3}$ eg 0.71 × 168 = 119.28	M1		
11(a)	0.33 × (168 – 119.28) = 16.08, Answer 32.64			
cont	Do not allow $\frac{5}{7} = 0.7$ or $\frac{2}{7} = 0.3$ or $\frac{1}{3} = 0.3$ or $\frac{2}{3} = 0.7$			
	eg 0.7 × 168 = 117.6			
	0.3 × (168 – 117.6) = 15.12, Answer 35.28	M0A0		
	Second mark of Alt 1 is independent			
	eg 0.7 × 168 = 117.6 (unacceptable to use 0.7 for $\frac{5}{7}$)	MO		
	(168 – 117.6) ÷ 3 = 16.8	M1A0		
	Second mark of Alt 2 is independent			
	eg $0.3 \times 168 = 50.4$ (unacceptable to use 0.3 for $\frac{2}{7}$) $0.33 \times 50.4 = 16.63$	M0 M1A0		
	Calculation shown as eg 71% \times 168	M1		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
11(b)	It is less than the answer to part (a)	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments			
	36 or 29 or 92	B1	condone 6.3 or 3.6 or 2.9 or 9.2			
	Additional Guidance					
	Condone eg multiplication signs or 'b	y' or com	mas or 'and'			
	eg 3 × 6 or 2 × 9 or 9 by 2 or 3, 6 or 2, 9 or (9, 2)					
12(a)	or 3 and 6 or 2 and 9 or 9 and 2					
.=(4)	Only 6 × 3 or 6 by 3 or 6, 3 or (6, 3) or 6 and 3 B Any evaluation included in the answer must be correct B More than one correct answer eg 36 and 92 B					
	Allow inclusion of 63 eg 36 and 63					
	Inclusion of an incorrect answer eg 3	86 and 24	B0			

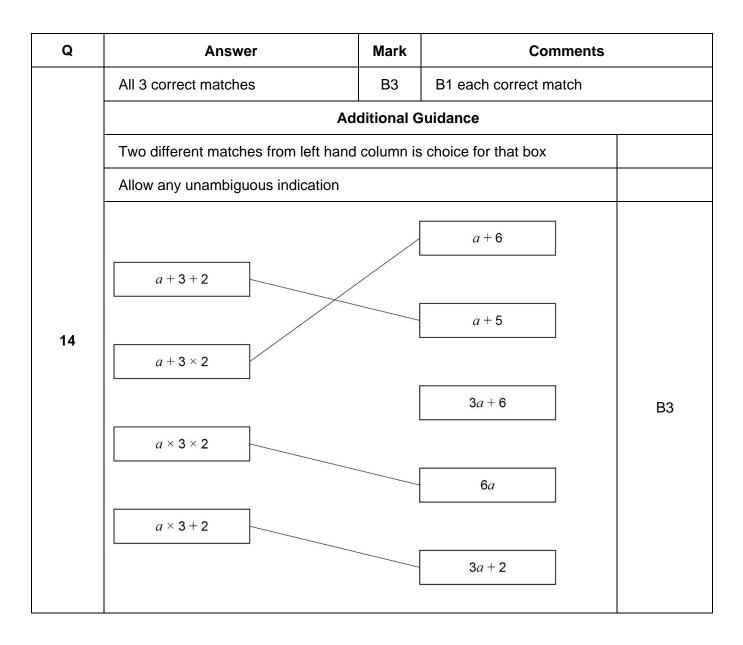
Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Any 2-digit number with at least one digit of 0	B1	eg 50 or –50 condone eg 7.0 or 0.2 or 0 condone eg 00 or 01 or 02	
	Additional Guidance			
	Condone eg multiplication signs or 'by' or commas or 'and'			
12(b)	eg 5×0 or 0 by 5 or 0×0			B1
	or 1, 0 or (0, 1) or 0, 0			B1
	or 2 and 0 or 0 and 2 or 0 and 0			B1
	Any evaluation included in the answer must be correct			
	More than one correct answer eg 20 and 30 B			B1
	Inclusion of an incorrect answer eg 20 and 21 B			B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	89 or 98 or 99	B1	condone 8.9 or 9.8 or 9.9	
	Additional Guidance			
	Condone eg multiplication signs or 'b	y' or comi	mas or 'and'	
	eg 8 by 9 or 9 × 8 or 9 × 9			
12(c)	or (8, 9) or 9, 8 or 9, 9			B1
	or 8 and 9 or 9 and 8 or 9 and 9			
	Any evaluation included in the answer must be correct			
	More than one correct answer eg 89 and 98			
	Inclusion of an incorrect answer eg 8	39 and 91		B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1 Compares cost of 480 bags				
	480 ÷ 80 or 6 or 480 ÷ 160 or 3	M1	oe eg 160 + 160 + 160 = 480 may be implied		
	480 ÷ 80 × 1.9(0) or 6 × 1.9(0) or 11.4(0)	M1	oe cost from small packs eg 1.90 ÷ 80 × 480 implies first M		
	480 ÷ 160 × 3.25 or 3 × 3.25 or 9.75	M1	oe cost from large packs eg 3.25 ÷ 160 × 480 implies first M		
	1.65(p)	A1			
	Alternative method 2 Compares cost of 160 bags				
13	160 ÷ 80 × 1.9(0) or 2 × 1.9(0) or 3.8(0)	M1	oe cost from small packs		
	their 3.8(0) – 3.25 or (0).55	M1dep	ое		
	480 ÷ 160 × their 0.55 or 3 × their 0.55	M1dep	oe		
	1.65(p)	A1			
	Alternative method 3 Compares	cost of 80) bags		
	80 ÷ 160 × 3.25 or 3.25 ÷ 2 or 1.625	M1	oe cost from large packs eg $\frac{1}{2} \times 3.25$		
	1.9(0) – their 1.625 or 0.275	M1dep	ое		
	480 ÷ 80 × their 0.275 or 6 × their 0.275	M1dep	oe		
	1.65(p)	A1			

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continue on the next page

	Alternative method 4 Compares cost of 1 bag			
13	1.9(0) ÷ 80 or 0.02375 and 3.25 ÷ 160 or 0.0203125	M1	oe cost from small and large packs two comparable costs	
	1.9(0) ÷ 80 – 3.25 ÷ 160 or 0.0034375	M1dep	oe	
	480 × their 0.0034375	M1dep	ое	
	1.65(p)	A1		
cont	Additional Guidance			
	Allow working in pence for M marks			
	Up to M3 may be awarded for correct work with no, or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts			
	If comparing cost of eg 240 bags apply the principles of Alt 4			
	In Alt 1 the second and third marks both imply the first mark and can be done in either order			
l	Alts 2, 3 and 4 for the second mark allow subtractions in either order			



Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1 Using the	given values			
	4.2 ÷ 7 or 0.6 or 7 ÷ 4.2 or 1.66 or 1.67 or 2.5 ÷ 7 or 0.357 or 0.36 or 7 ÷ 2.5 or 2.8	M1	implied by 1 \rightarrow 0.6 or 0.5 \rightarrow 0.3		
	2.5 × 4.2 ÷ 7	M1dep	oe eg $2.5 \div (7 \div 4.2)$ or $2.5 \div 1.67$ or $4.2 \div (7 \div 2.5)$ or $4.2 \div 2.8$ or full build-up eg $0.6 + 0.6 + 0.3$ or 0.3×5 or $4.2 \div 2 - 0.6$		
	1.5	A1	oe fraction or decimal SC2 answer with digits 15		
15	Alternative method 2 Working consistently in centimetres				
	4.2 × 100 ÷ 7 or 60 or 7 ÷ (4.2 × 100) or 0.0166 or 0.0167 or 2.5 ÷ 7 or 0.357 or 0.36 or 7 ÷ 2.5 or 2.8	M1	oe eg 420 ÷ 7 or 7 ÷ 420 implied by 1 \rightarrow 60 or 0.5 \rightarrow 30		
	2.5 × 420 ÷ 7 or 150	M1dep	oe eg $2.5 \div (7 \div 420)$ or $2.5 \div 0.0167$ or $420 \div (7 \div 2.5)$ or $420 \div 2.8$ or full build-up eg $60 + 60 + 30$ or 30×5 or $420 \div 2 - 60$		
	1.5	A1	oe fraction or decimal SC2 answer with digits 15		

	Additional Guidance			
	Up to M1 may be awarded for correct work with no, or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts			
	Answer 1.5 with no working	M2A1		
	150 is M2A0 but Answer 150 cm with m crossed out would be M2A1			
	4.2 : 1.5 or 420 : 150	M2		
	For consistent working in millimetres or metres apply the principles of Alt 2			
	Incorrect or inconsistent change of units must be recovered for M2A0 or M2A1, otherwise score 0 or SC2			
15 cont	eg1 $42 \div 7 = 6, 6 \times 2.5 = 15$, Answer 1.5 (units recovered)			
	eg2 4200 \div 7 = 800, 800 \times 2.5 = 2000, Answer 2 (arithmetic slip but method shown and units recovered)			
	eg3 42 \div 7 = 6, 6 \times 2.5 = 15, Answer 15 (units never recovered)			
	NB Correct values from incorrect methods			
	eg1 $7 - 4.2 = 2.8$ with no other creditworthy work	M0M0A0		
	eg2 2.5 \div 4.2 = 0.6 (1 dp) with no other creditworthy work	M0M0A0		
	If rounded or truncated values are used, the final answer must be exactly 1.5			
	eg1 2.5 ÷ 1.66 Answer 1.5 (may have kept full value on calculator)	M2A1		
	eg2 $2.5 \div 1.66 = 1.506$ Answer 1.5 (comes from further rounding)	M2A0		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	90 seen or [88°, 92°] drawn on pie chart	M1	allow missing or incorrect label
16	$\frac{20}{60} \times 360 \text{ or } 120 \text{ seen}$ or [118°, 122°] drawn on pie chart Fully correct pie chart with unambiguous labels and all angles $\pm 2^{\circ}$	M1 A1	oe eg 360 ÷ 3 allow missing or incorrect label
	Ad	ditional G	Buidance
	All three labels (or a key) needed for N, Y, M or N, Y, R	the A1 bu	t accept eg No, Yes, Rest or
	eg for No do not accept 15 (people) or $\frac{1}{4}$ or 90 as the label		
	Not using the given radius will score	a maximu	um of M2

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
17(a)	$x \ge 7$	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	10cd + 5c or $10dc + 5cor5c + 10cd$ or $5c + 10dc$	B2	B1 fully simplified first term ie $10cd$ or $10dc$ or correct expansion not fully simplified eg $10 \times cd + 5c$ or $5c \times 2d + 5c$ (× 1) or $5c2d + 5 \times c$		
17(b)	Additional Guidance				
	Further incorrect work after a B2 resp eg $10cd + 5c = 15cd$	oonse is B	1	B1	
	Further incorrect work after a B1 response is still B1 eg $10cd + 1 = 11cd$			B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	7(3 <i>x</i> + 4)	B1		
	Additional Guidance			
	Condone missing final bracket ie $7(3x + 4)$			B1
17(c)	Allow multiplying back out to check their answer			
	Further incorrect work after a correct response is B0			
	eg 7(3 x + 4) = 7(7 x)			B0
	7(x3 + 4)			B0
	$7 \times (3x + 4)$			B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	$\frac{9}{9+11} \text{ or } \frac{9}{20} \text{ or } 0.45$ or $100 \div 20 \times 9 \text{ or } 5 \times 9$ or 45 : 55	M1	oe eg 9 ÷ 20	
	45	A1	SC1 55	
18(a)	Additional Guidance			
		M1A0		
	eg $\frac{9}{20} \times 11$ 9 out of 20 with no other creditworthy work			МО
	Build-up method must be a fully corre	ect method	1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	$\frac{100-68}{2} \text{ or } \frac{32}{2} \text{ or } 16(\%)$ or $\frac{1-0.68}{2} \text{ or } \frac{0.32}{2} \text{ or } 0.16$	M1	Oe	
	68 : 16 or <u>68</u> 16 or 68 ÷ 16 or 4.25	A1	oe ratio not in form $n : 1$ eg 68% : 16% or 17 : 4 or oe fraction or division or dec implied by 4.25 : 1 oe	
18(b)	4.25 : 1 or $4\frac{1}{4}$: 1	B1ft	oe ratio in form $n : 1$ eg $\frac{68}{16} : 1$ ft any ratio not in form $n : 1$ ft values must give n to 2 dp or bett	
	Additional Guidance			
	$\frac{100-68}{2} = 66$ 68 : 66 = 1.03 : 1			M1 A0B1ft
	68 : 32 = 2.125 : 1 or 68 : 32 = 2.13	· 1		M0A0B1ft
	68 ÷ 32, Answer 2.125 : 1 (no ratio		ít)	M0A0B0ft
	Correct ratio with subsequent truncat			
	eg1 4.25 : 1, Answer 4 : 1 eg2 68 : 32 = 2.125 : 1, Answer 2.1 : 1			M1A1B0 M0A0B0
	4.25 <i>n</i> : 1			M1A1B0
	16:1 with no other creditworthy work	< C		M1A0B0

Q	2	Answer	Mark	Comments
19((a)	(2, -1)	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	(0, 8)	B1	accept $\begin{pmatrix} x & y \\ 0, 8 \end{pmatrix}$	
19(b)	Ad	ditional G	Buidance	
	(0x, 8y)			B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	5	B1		
	Ad	ditional G	Guidance	
	5 1			B1
19(c)	$\frac{10}{2} = 5$			B1
	$\frac{10}{2}$			B0
	5 <i>x</i>			B0
	<i>y</i> = 5			B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	0.2 on Jose not pass	B1	oe fraction, decimal or percentage
20(a)	0.4 on Maria pass and 0.6 on Maria not pass twice	B1	oe fraction, decimal or percentage
	Ad	ditional G	Guidance

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	0.32 or $\frac{32}{100}$ or $\frac{16}{50}$ or $\frac{8}{25}$ or 32%	B1	oe fraction, decimal or percentage		
	Ade	ditional G	Buidance		
	Ignore simplification or conversion if	correct an	swer seen		
	eg1 $\frac{32}{100}$ seen Answer $\frac{3}{10}$				
20(b)	eg2 $\frac{32}{100}$ seen Answer 3.2%			B1	
	Ignore words if correct answer seen eg1 $\frac{32}{100}$ seen Answer 32 out of 100				
	eg2 0.32, unlikely			B1	
	Answer given as ratio (even if correct answer also seen)				
	eg 32:100			B0	
	Answer only in words eg 32 out of 100			B0	
	Only 32 (without %)			B0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
Q	Answer 125 and 17 or 5 ³ and 17 or 5 and 5 and 5 and 17	Mark B2	Comments together in any order eg 125 × 17 or 17 × 5 ³ or or 2125 \div 17 = 125 or 212 B1 at least three of 8, 27, 6 343, 512, 729, 1000, 1331, 1 etc (allow 2 ³ , 3 ³ , 4 ³ etc) or all four of 11, 13, 17, 19 (ign numbers not between 10 and or (cube number > 1) × (prime between 10 and 20) or 2125 \div (cube number > 1) or	5 ÷ 125 = 17 4, 125, 216, 728, 2197 nore any d 20)
	Additional Guidance			
21	B1 may be awarded for correct work this is seen amongst multiple attempt		r incorrect answer, even if	
	B2 responses may be seen on a fact	or tree		
	B1 for three cube numbers given in ir eg 4^3 5^3 6^3 scores B1 with no evalu		· ·	
	B1 for multiplications or divisions – evaluation can be ignoredeg1 $2^3 \times 13$ scores B1 with no evaluation or evaluated incorrectlyeg2 2125 ÷ 27 scores B1 with no evaluation or evaluated incorrectlyeg3 2125 ÷ 11 scores B1 with no evaluation or evaluated incorrectly125 and 17 seen in multiple attempts is B2 if 2125 includedeg 125 × 17 = 2125 or 2125 ÷ 17 = 125 or 2125 ÷ 125 = 17B2			
				B2
	125 and 17 seen in multiple attempts eg 125 × 17 seen amongst multiple a		125 not included	B1
	11 13 15 17 19 does not score B1	unless 1	1 13 17 19 selected	
	Incomplete list eg 11 13 19 does no	ot score B	1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1				
	90 × 5 or 450 or $\frac{72+83+88+97+x}{5}$ or $\frac{340+x}{5}$	M1	oe any letter or symbol		
	90 × 5 - 72 - 83 - 88 - 97 or 90 × 5 - 340 or 72 + 83 + 88 + 97 + $x = 90 \times 5$ or 340 + $x = 90 \times 5$	M1dep	oe any letter or symbol equations must have fraction eliminated		
22	110	A1			
22	Alternative method 2				
	Trial of any value with mean correctly evaluated	M1	also allow if given to the next or previous integer eg1 trial of 100 $\frac{72+83+88+97+100}{5} = 88$ eg2 trial of 78 $\frac{340+78}{5} = 83 \text{ (or 84 or 83.6)}$ ignore trials with mean not evaluated or incorrectly evaluated		
	Trial of 110 with mean evaluated to 90	M1dep	eg $\frac{72+83+88+97+110}{5} = 90$ this mark implies M1M1		
	110	A1			

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continue on the next page

	Alternative method 3				
	$\frac{72+83+88+97}{4} \text{ or } \frac{340}{4} \text{ or } 85$	M1	oe		
	their $85 + 5 \times (90 - \text{their } 85)$		oe 90 + 4 × (90 – their 85)		
	or their $85 + 5 \times 5$	M1dep			
	or their 85 + 25				
	110	A1			
	Alternative method 4	-			
	$\frac{72+83+88+97}{5} \text{ or } \frac{340}{5} \text{ or } 68$	M1	oe		
	5 × (90 – their 68)	Madam	oe		
	or 5 × 22	M1dep			
	110	A1			
	Alternative method 5				
22 cont	(90 - 72) + (90 - 83) + (90 - 88)		oe eg (72 – 90) + (83 – 90) -	+ (88 – 90)	
	+ (90 – 97)	M1	+ (97 – 90)		
	or		or 90 × 4 – 72 – 83 – 88 – 9	7	
	18 + 7 + 2 - 7 or 20		or $-18 - 7 - 2 + 7$ or -20		
	90 + their 20	M1dep	oe eg 90 – their –20		
	110	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	M1 may be awarded for correct work with no, or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts				
	Embedded 110 scores M1M1A0 using Alt 2 (even if a different answer is given)				
	Condone eg Alt 3 72 + 83 + 88 + 97 ÷ 4			M1	
	No further marks unless recovered				
	Alt 5 1st M1 Subtractions must be consistent				
	Condone 110% for 110				

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Alternative method 1 Words per	minute or	words per second
	416÷8 or 52	M1	oe eg 416 ÷ (8 × 60) or 416 ÷ 480 or $\frac{13}{15}$ or [0.86, 0.87] or 0.9
	1534 ÷ their 52 or (1534 – 416) ÷ their 52 + 8 or 29.5	M1dep	oe eg 1534 ÷ their [0.86, 0.87] or (1534 – 416) ÷ their [0.86, 0.87] + 8 × 60 or 1770
	29 minutes 30 seconds	A1	SC2 29 minutes 50 seconds or 29 minutes 5 seconds
23	Alternative method 2 Minutes per	r word or s	seconds per word
	8 ÷ 416 or $\frac{1}{52}$ or [0.019, 0.019231] or 0.02	M1	oe eg 8 × 60 ÷ 416 or 480 ÷ 416 or $\frac{15}{13}$ or [1.15, 1.154] or 1.2
	1534 × their [0.019, 0.019231] or (1534 – 416) × their [0.019, 0.019231] + 8 or 29.5	M1dep	oe eg 1534 × their [1.15, 1.154] or (1534 – 416) × their [1.15, 1.154] + 8 × 60 or 1770
	29 minutes 30 seconds	A1	SC2 29 minutes 50 seconds or 29 minutes 5 seconds

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continue on the next page

	Alternative method 3 Essay words ÷ report words			
23 cont	1534 ÷ 416 or $\frac{59}{16}$ or [3.68, 3.69] or 3.7 or (1534 - 416) ÷ 416 or [2.68, 2.69] or 2.7	M1	oe	
	8 × their [3.68, 3.69] or 8 × their [2.68, 2.69] + 8 or 29.5	M1dep	oe eg 8 × 60 × their [3.68, 3 or 8 × 60 × their [2.68, 2.69] + or 1770	-
	29 minutes 30 seconds	A1	SC2 29 minutes 50 second or 29 minutes 5 seconds	S
	Additional Guidance			
	M1 may be awarded for correct work with no, or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts			
	Answer 29.5 minutes 1770 seconds			M1M1A0
	Build-up method must be a fully correct method that would lead to 29.5			
	If working with report words ÷ essay	words app	bly the principles of Alt 3	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
24	<i>y</i> is 125% of <i>x</i>	B1			
Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	$\frac{33}{120}$ or $\frac{11}{40}$ or 0.275 or 27.5%	B1	oe fraction, decimal or perce	entage	
	Ad	ditional G	Buidance		
	Correct answer seen with an answer	of 33		B0	
	Ignore simplification or conversion if	correct an	swer seen		
	eg1 $\frac{33}{120}$ seen Answer $\frac{3}{10}$			B1	
	eg2 0.275 seen Answer 0.28			B1	
	eg3 $\frac{11}{40}$ seen Answer 27.5				
	Ignore words if correct answer seen				
25(a)	eg1 $\frac{33}{120}$ seen Answer 11 out of 40			B1	
	eg2 $\frac{33}{120}$, unlikely			B1	
	Answer given as ratio (even if correct	t answer a	also seen)		
	eg 33 : 120			B0	
	Answer only in words eg 33 out of 120				
	Only 27.5 (without %)			B0	
	Only 27% or 28%			B0	
	Only 0.27 or 0.28			B0	
	Only $\frac{1.1}{4}$			B0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	$\frac{6}{120} \times 500$ or [4.16, 4.17] × 6 or [24.96, 25.02] or 4.2 × 6 or 25.2 or 25 : 500 or $\frac{25}{500}$	M1	oe eg 0.05 × 500 or 500÷	20	
	25	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	Working and value may be seen by ta	able			
25(b)	24 + 1, Answer 25			M1A1	
	480 = 24, Answer 25	M1A1			
	Embedded but not selected as answe	M1A0			
	Working for Not answered or Answer eg ignore 137.5 and 337.5 seen	ed but sal	le not made is not choice		
	25 followed by answer 19			M1A0	
	If rounded or truncated values are used, the final answer must be exactly 25				
	eg1 500 ÷ 120 = 4.16, 4.16 × 6 Answer 25 (may have kept full v	alue on c	alculator)	M1 A1	
	eg2 500 ÷ 120 = 4.16, 4.16 × 6 = 24 Answer 25 (comes from further			M1 A0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	80 × 0.9 or 72		oe eg 80 × (1 − 0.1)	
	or		or $25 + 25 \times 0.2$	
	25 × 1.2 or 30		or 25 + 5	
	or		implied by 102 or 3 or -3	
	80 × 0.1 and 25 × 0.2	M1		
	or			
	8 and 5			
	or			
	-8 and 5			
	No and correct valid amount(s)		eg no and 105 and 102	
			or no and 3	
		A1	or no and -3	
			or no and 8 and 5	
			or no and –8 and 5	
26	Ad	ditional G	Buidance	
	If neither box is ticked, No may be im	plied		
	eg neither box is ticked and Ellie paid 3 less			M1A1
	Working and values may be seen by	the table		
	No and 105 with M1 not seen			M0A0
	No and 8 with M1 not seen			M0A0
	No and 5 with M1 not seen			M0A0
	Condone No and 8 and 5 with arith	metic erro	pr(s) seen	
	eg 72 so 8 less 30 so 5 more			M1A1
	105 and 103 No (arithmetic error in	calculatin	g Ellie's total)	
	Do not condone No and 8 and 5 with process error(s) seen			
eg $80 - 8 = 72$ $25 - 5 = 20$ (process error, shou			should be $25 + 5$)	M1A0
	105 and 92 No			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1	·			
	16 ² or 256 and 30 ² or 900	M1	oe implied by 1156		
	$\sqrt{16^2 + 30^2}$ or $\sqrt{256 + 900}$ or $\sqrt{1156}$ or 34	M1dep	oe eg $\sqrt{16^2 + 30^2 - 2 \times 16 \times 30 \times \cos 90}$		
	52 × their 34 or 1768	M1dep	oe if M1M0 their 34 can be any value other than 16, 30 or 52 dep on 1st M		
	0.5 × 30 × 16 or 240	M1	oe eg 0.5 × 30 × 16 × sin 90		
	2008	A1	SC3 2248		
27	Alternative method 2				
	$\tan^{-1} \frac{16}{30}$ or [28, 28.1] or $\tan^{-1} \frac{30}{16}$ or [61.9, 62]	M1	oe may be on diagram		
	$\frac{30}{\cos(\text{their [28, 28.1]})}$ or $\frac{16}{\cos(\text{their [61.9, 62]})}$ or 34	M1dep	oe eg $\frac{16}{\sin(\text{their } [28, 28.1])}$ or $30\cos(\text{their } [28, 28.1]) + 16\cos(\text{their } [61.9, 62])$		
	52 × their 34 or 1768	M1dep	oe if M1M0 their 34 can be any value other than 16, 30 or 52 dep on 1st M		
	0.5 × 30 × 16 or 240	M1	oe eg 0.5 × 30 × 16 × sin 90		
	2008	A1	SC3 2248		

	Additional Guidance	
	Up to M4 may be awarded for correct work with no, or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts	
27	The 4th mark in Alts 1 and 2 is not dependent on any other marks	
cont	34 or 1768 or 240 may be on the diagram	
	SC3 is for using 30×16 for the area of the triangle	
	Ignore units	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1			
	10 <i>x</i> – 5	M1	may be seen in a grid	
	their $10x - 6x = 9 + $ their 5		oe eg their $-5 - 9 = 6x - $ their $10x$	
	or		or $4x - 14 = 0$	
	4x = 14 or	M1	collecting two terms in <i>x</i> and two constant terms correctly	
	14 ÷ 4 or 7 ÷ 2			
	$\frac{14}{4}$ or $3\frac{2}{4}$ or $\frac{7}{2}$ or $3\frac{1}{2}$ or 3.5	A1ft	oe ft M1M0 or M0M1 with exactly one error	
28	Alternative method 2			
	$\frac{6x}{5} + \frac{9}{5}$	M1	oe two terms eg $1.2x + 1.8$	
	$2x - \text{their } \frac{6x}{5} = \text{their } \frac{9}{5} + 1$		oe eg -1 - their $\frac{9}{5}$ = their $\frac{6x}{5}$ - 2x	
	or $\frac{4x}{5} = \frac{14}{5}$	M1	or $\frac{4x}{5} - \frac{14}{5} = 0$	
			collecting two terms in <i>x</i> and two constant terms correctly	
	$\frac{14}{4}$ or $3\frac{2}{4}$ or $\frac{7}{2}$ or $3\frac{1}{2}$ or 3.5	A1ft	oe ft M1M0 or M0M1 with exactly one error	

	Additional Guidance			
	Ignore simplification or conversion if correct answer seen			
	Correct answer from trial and improvement			
	Correct equation with terms collected or division with no or incorrect answer	M1M1A0		
	Embedded 3.5 with no or incorrect answer	M1M1A0		
	10x - 5 = 6x + 9	M1		
	10x - 6x = 9 - 5	MO		
	x = 1 (exactly one error in line 2)	A1ft		
	7x - 5 = 6x + 9	MO		
	7x - 6x = 9 + 5	M1		
	x = 14 (exactly one error in line 1)	A1ft		
	10x - 5 = 6x + 9	M1		
	10x + 6x = 9 - 5	MO		
28 cont	$x = \frac{4}{16}$ (two errors in line 2)			
	10x - 1 = 6x + 9	MO		
	10x - 6x = 9 + 1			
	x = 3 (exactly one error in line 1 but answer does not ft)	A0ft		
	7x - 6 = 6x + 9	MO		
	7x - 6x = 9 + 6	M1		
	x = 15 (two errors in line 1)	A0ft		
	10x + 4 = 6x + 9	MO		
	10x - 6x = 9 + 4	MO		
	x = 3.25 (neither M mark scored)			
	10x - 5 = 30x + 45			
	Any ft answer must be rounded or truncated to 1 dp or better			
	The last two marks can be implied without the collection of terms seen			
	eg $10x - 1 = 6x + 9$ and $x = 2.5$	M0M1A1ft		
	Collecting terms before the bracket has been expanded	M0M0A0ft		